

COAST RECORD.

RICHES FOR GOLD SEEKERS.

New Fields Near Nome Equal Old Ones.

Largest Placer Deposit in the Country.

Ironworkers' Strike Nearing an End—Fatal Result of Game of Ball.

SAN FRANCISCO. [By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Late arrivals from Nome say that the amount of workmen in that and tributary districts has been at least doubled by the discovery that banches along many of the creeks are scarcely less rich in gold than the creek beds themselves. The miners who have been called off by the miners, who are returning to work on the old basis, abandoning the plan of forming a union. All the agitators who stirred up the trouble have left the camp. The men admit they are receiving the fairest of treatment from the company.

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SPORTING RECORD.

TALENT PICK OUT WINNERS.**Exciting Finishes at the Oakland Races.****Most of the Favorites Were Successful.**

Maher and Jeffords Matched. Roeber to Meet Nechad—Latonia Results.

(By THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Close finishes and the success of favorites or well-played horses marked the sport at Oakland today. After being knocked out of the race, Janice finished fast and, well ridden by O'Connor, landed the fourth event by head from Varro, a 30-to-1 chance. Summary.

Most of the favorites were successful. It runs over the

CALIFORNIA LIMITED

On this train the highest speed, the most luxurious equipment, and the most perfect service are combined.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1901.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

5

ELECTIONS.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

There was some discussion as to the plan of reorganization of Tammany, of which Croker took no part, except to suggest that younger blood be admitted to the inner councils of the William.

The party proceeded to Tammany Hall, where John F. Carroll was awaiting them. He was apprised of the purpose of Croker's visit by his son. He and Croker to the Democratic Club, and going upstairs, remained seated with him for nearly an hour. It was after this conference that Croker announced: "This is my last

plan. I now say that Daniel F. McNamee will call a meeting of the Executive Committee with a view to have him, as well as his resignation on motion of Senator Timothy L. Urban, John S. Carroll will be

the new leader of Tammany Hall."

THE FIGHTING JUDGE.

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LAKEVILLE (Colo.) Nov. 5.—(Exclusive Dispatch) William Travers Jerome, "the fighting judge," whose courage made him the foremost figure in the New York campaign, said to-day:

"I have been face to face with thousands of people during the last thirty days and it has been easy to talk to them, because, in all those days there was always something in me that I thought I must say. When I came home here to see that I love, perhaps more than any other spot, I realize that you have been with me and sympathized with me. When I came here to the fight it occurred to me that I could trust only to the people and trust those things which the words of the greatest men that I read in books say are true.

"In all that campaign, I did not see good that I didn't hit it [applause] and I hit it whether it seemed to be to my good or not. And whenever I saw the head of a man who had indications were that the Democrats had elected the county and legislative tickets. The Republicans claim that Nash for Governor leads Kilbourne in that.

CLAIMS ON CLEVELAND.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) CLEVELAND, Nov. 6.—At 1 o'clock this morning returns had been received from about one-half of the 100 precincts, and the picture is not clear, but the voting was heavy during the early hours, and a very large number of the voters were registered.

Senator Hanna cast a straight Republican ticket early in the day at Precinct C, Forty-first Ward.

"I am satisfied with the work accomplished," he said, adding, "I said, 'and am confident of the result.'

An unusual amount of scratching was reported at all voting booths.

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CINCINNATI PROPOSITIONS.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—With five precincts lacking, Cincinnati's complete vote is: Nash, 33,23; Kilbourne, 29,46. This shows a Republican gain of approximately 500 in Hamilton and increases the election of the entire Republican county ticket, including two Representatives and three Senators in the General Assembly. Their indications were that the Democrats had elected the county and legislative tickets. The Republicans claim that Nash for Governor leads Kilbourne in that.

THE CINCINNATI SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

THE

6 THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
New York	40	54	67	54	64
Washington	40	50	65	51	60
Cincinnati	34	40	59	34	40
Chicago	30	35	57	30	35
Boston	30	35	57	30	35
St. Louis	30	35	57	30	35
San Francisco	30	35	57	30	35
Jacksonville	60	65	84	60	65

The maximum is for November 4; the minimum for November 5. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Nov. 2.—Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official. At 5 o'clock a.m. barometric pressure was 30.01 in. The barometer for the corresponding hours showed 30.04 deg. and 30 min. Relative humidity, 1. a.m., 67 per cent.; 5 p.m., 61 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., 10 miles per hour from the west; 5 p.m., 10 miles. Maximum temperature, 24 deg.; minimum, 13 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Weather Conditions.—The pressure has fallen, the change being marked in the Northwest, and throughout the country west of the Missouri River. A storm is passing eastward across the Great Plains, moving in over Washington, turning to snow in the mountains. Fair weather continues in California, and outside the great valleys there have been a number of rainfalls. The snow which has fallen decidedly also in the Colorado Valley. Frosty weather continues in the mountains; though it is mostly rising.

Forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair tonight and Wednesday, though very likely with some cloudiness.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Weather conditions and general forecast. San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 56 deg.; minimum, 38 deg.; mean, 46 deg.

The pressure has fallen rapidly over Utah and Nevada. A marked depression is passing rapidly southward over the Rocky Mountains and northward in unsettled weather over the valley of the Colorado River. It has reached in Washington and Oregon. No rain has fallen in California. The weather continues warm generally.

For Northern California: Cloudy, scattered weather Wednesday in southern portion; fair in northern portion; light northwesterly winds.

Forecast for San Francisco: Light northwesterly winds, changing to northerly.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy Wednesdays; light southerly winds, changing to northerly.

Forecast and vicinity: Cloudy Wednesday; light southerly winds in morning, changing to south northerly.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS, 8 P.M.

Temperature, 56. Mean, 46. Wind, 10. Weather.

Astoria 54 Clear

Seattle 54 Part cloudy

Olympia 54 Part cloudy

Spokane 54 Part cloudy

Boise 54 Part cloudy

Idaho Falls 54 Part cloudy

Billings 54 Part cloudy

Great Falls 54 Part cloudy

Montana City 54 Part cloudy

Missoula 54 Part cloudy

Glacier Park 54 Part cloudy

Spokane Falls 54 Part cloudy

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Liners.

FOR SALE—
Business Property.POPULATION, 1900.
LOS ANGELES, 260,000.WATCH TWO STREETS,
MAIN AND NINTH STS.WE SAY "WATCH THEM,"
BECAUSE THEY HAVE BEEN
PAID OVER UNNOTICED.THE S.E. COR. NINTH AND MILL STS.
CORNERS ARE THE CHEAPEST
CORNERS ON NINTH ST.

NOW, AS TO MAIN ST.!!!

IS JUST LOOKING UP.

FOR SALE—
Suburban Property.FOR SALE—
HOME OF VALUES DURING THE
THREE YEARS OF THE IMPROVEMENTS CON-
NECTED AND "GET IN."W. M. GARLAND & CO.,
212 WILCOX BLDG.SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
SEVENTH AND FIGUEROA STS.15 FEET ON SEVENTH ST.
15 FEET ON FIGUEROA ST.

IMPROVEMENTS COST \$14,000.

RENTS \$5 MONTHLY.

WILL PAY BETTER, AND

IT LIES IN DIRECT PATH
OF THE CITY'S GROWTH.FULLY EQUIPPED FRONT FOOT
CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER
CONVENIENTLY LOCATED FIGUEROA
AND MAIN STS AND SPEAKINGOF MAIN ST. REMINDS US,
WE HAVE THE BEST BUY ON
THE STREET.

A CORNER.

AN OPTION.

W. M. GARLAND & CO.,
212 WILCOX BLDG.FOR SALE—
BEST BUY IN HEART OF
BUSINESS CENTER
ON LOS ANGELES STREET,
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BROS.

A BALE—A rare opportunity

to secure one of the best offices

on Seventh street,

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fully equipped, can be delivered

for \$1,000 less; must be sold this

STRONG & DICKINSON,
15 S. Broadway.FOR SALE—
Lots with good improvements

on Hill St. within 500 feet of Ninth

Street buy on west side Los

Angeles. First and second; by

the best on this street. Two

buys in 10x50, with improvements

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LEE A. MCCONNELL & CO.,
15 S. Broadway.FOR SALE—
PROPERTY SITUATED ON

northeast corner of 15th and H

Streets, 100x100, 1 per cent, to the buyer

The B. F. Fulwiler Co. I need additional capital in my trunk

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FOR SALE—
Corner lot, 16x20, Main st., north

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THE GOWEN-EBERLE CO.,
212 W. 25th Street.FOR SALE—
modern house, lot 16x20, a

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THE GOWEN-EBERLE CO.,
212 W. 25th Street.FOR SALE—
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building, close to business center, clear

city property. UNION REAL

ESTATE & INVESTMENT CO., 20 S.

FOR SALE—
A PERMANENT INVEST-

ment in the business corner on Sev-

enth and Broadway.

FOR SALE—
\$500 CASH WILL SECURE

your property, guaranteed rent in ad-

vance. W. H. WHEELER, 130

IN MIENO PARK ON

WESTON ST.

FOR SALE—
INSIDE OF CITY:

Address, 100 S. Olive.

FOR SALE—
FURNITURE, 10x12, 500

ft. 20x20, 10x12, 500

ft.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

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EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR
Twentieth Year.

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2 copies	.20
3 copies	.25
4 copies	.30
5 copies	.35
10 copies	.75
THE TIMES-MIRROR CO.	1.00

SUMMARY OF THE ELECTIONS.

The results of the elections in New York, Ohio and other Eastern States yesterday, so far as they are forecasted at the time of going to press, cannot be otherwise than satisfactory, in general, to those who believe in popular rule as opposed to boss rule, and the triumph of decency and good order over vice. The great coup of the day was the defeat of Tammany in the Mayoralty contest in New York, a defeat of incalculable benefit to the cause of good government. So great a Waterloo was it for the powers of darkness in the American metropolis that the dispatches say Richard Croker has already abdicated as leader of the Tammany forces in favor of the notorious John F. Carroll. Seth Low's plurality is estimated at about thirty thousand, Brooklyn, the supposed Shepard stronghold, giving him over 21,000 plurality.

In Ohio, while some exceptions are noted, as, for instance, in Columbus, the gain for the Republican ticket has been remarkable. Gov. Nash is reelected, and the return of Senator Foraker to the Senate is insured.

Nebraska shows the surprising average gain of about four to the precinct in favor of the Republican ticket. Sedgwick (Rep.), for Supreme Court Judge elected over Hollenbeck (D.), Lincoln, the home of W. J. Bryan, and Lancaster county gave Sedgwick a large plurality.

A. B. Cummins, the Republican candidate, has been elected Governor of Iowa by the largest plurality ever given a candidate for the office in that State, and extraordinary gains were otherwise made for the ticket.

Massachusetts held its banner off-year election, and the Old Bay State went Republican once more, re-electing Crane Governor. His opponent made his chief showing in increasing the Democratic vote in Boston.

The Republican ticket in Kansas was no generally successful that claims are being made for a party majority in the next Legislature.

New Jersey is Republican in the Chief Executive's office and in the Legislature.

Rhode Island shows a falling-off in the vote, but is Republican.

The Southern States which held elections yesterday are, as was to be expected, allied with the Democratic party. In two instances, Maryland and Kentucky, it is claimed, the Democracy will control the Legislatures and gain the election of two United States Senators.

California's largest city elects a labor candidate Mayor.

NEW MEXICO—HER MEMORIAL TO CONGRESS.

In a memorial to the Congress of the United States, asking admission to Statehood, citizens of New Mexico enumerate as some of the important reasons why her demand should be complied with—

Her large growth in population and wealth and the phenomenal development of her important mineral and agricultural resources; the fact that her schools and public institutions, built at her own expense, rank better, by per capita measurement, than those of any other State or Territory, and that 90 per cent. of her citizens are native born; the fact that the present Territorial form of government does not inspire the confidence of capital, that it means taxation without representation and that it leaves the people helpless before restrictive and annoying regulations regarding public lands and irrigation.

The memorial specially refers to the threatened legislation favorable to the republic of Mexico regarding irrigation and water rights, legislation which it says will be ruinous to the Territory. It further demands Statehood as a right, in view of New Mexico's having contributed more soldiers per capita in the Civil and Spanish-American wars than any other State or Territory, and it cites

the fact that, in more than twelve Congresses, the fitness of the Territory for admission to Statehood has been fully investigated, but some unwise or other has prevented the bills introduced in her favor from becoming a law.

In the Territory, however, as in Arizona, there is a considerable element of the population opposed to Statehood.

YESTERDAY'S ELECTIONS.

At this writing it is impossible to quote the exact figures of the State and municipal elections held yesterday. Returns have been received, however, sufficiently definite to show that in Greater New York Tammany has suffered an overwhelming defeat. Seth Low, former president of Columbia University, has been elected Mayor by a plurality ranging, at a conservative estimate, from 30,000 to 40,000, defeating Edward M. Shepard, the Democratic nominee. Mr. Low, four years ago, was the candidate of the Citizens' Union for the first Mayor of Greater New York, but failed of election. The campaign this year was one of the most notable in the history of the great metropolis. The election of Mr. Low is a great triumph for better government and for decency in municipal politics. For seventeen years the corrupt Tammany organization has had control of the municipal government, and its venality had become a stench in the nostrils of all decent men. The overthrow of Tammany indicates a reversal of public sentiment against the iniquities of the Tammany regime, which promises much for the future. Now that the yoke of Tammany has been thrown off, it will rest with the better citizenship of New York to keep the municipal government out of the clutches of "the tiger," and to redeem that great city from the governmental corruption which has so long made it a reproach and a byword.

It appears, from the dispatches thus far received, that in San Francisco the Union-Labor candidate for Mayor, Schmitz, has been elected. There were three candidates in the field, the Republicans and Democrats unwisely putting up separate nominees, instead of uniting, as the plain dictates of prudence, and good judgment should have suggested, upon a man of high character, on a non-partisan ticket. The election of Schmitz will undoubtedly prove a calamity for San Francisco—which has already suffered enough, it would seem, to have taught its citizens some measure of wisdom. The election of Schmitz was made possible only through a division of the conservative elements into two opposing parties or factions. The result is another striking illustration of the fact that in municipal elections mere political questions and issues should be ignored, and allegiance should be freely given to the best men, irrespective of partisan politics.

In electing Schmitz to the Mayoralty, San Francisco has sown the wind. It will be her rare good fortune if she does not reap the whirlwind. The outcome will in all probability be another disastrous strike, with even greater losses and greater interruption of business than resulted from the strike recently ended. But San Francisco has made its bed, and must lie in it, for better or for worse.

The elections in other parts of the country were of no unusual interest. Ohio is Republican by probably 40,000 or 50,000, with a safe majority in the Legislature. Pennsylvania is safely Republican, as usual. The Republican candidate for Governor, and the rest of the ticket, have been elected in New Jersey. Republicans win in Iowa, Nebraska (probably) and in Massachusetts. Virginia is Democratic. The results in other places are given in detail in the dispatches.

A Kentucky man who has used liquor all his life has just reached the age of 106 years, which shows that as a preservative the Kentucky corn juice has lost none of its effectiveness.

There seems to be many reasons for believing that negotiations for Miss Stone's release are to drag out as weary a settlement as the second battle of Santiago.

We have had the "Story of the Captain," but there is nothing the matter with the "Story of the Admiral"—the one who was there—for a lively boy.

Burglars stole \$20,000 worth of diamonds from a Cincinnati jewelry store and escaped. They left no shining trail by which they could be followed.

New Jersey capitalists have formed a \$35,000,000 Kodak trust. They not only intend to press the button themselves, but to "do" the rest, as well.

Croker's lambs are again Shepardless.

INTERNATIONAL AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

Although the press dispatches have not had much to say concerning the work of the International American Conference (otherwise known as the Pan-American Congress) which began its sessions in the City of Mexico on October 22, there can be no doubt as to the importance and practicability of this work. It is work that will bear fruit in the future rather than in the present. By bringing about a better understanding between the several states of the Western Hemisphere, these states should be drawn into closer relations of friendship and good will, leading to the promotion of general harmony and cooperation for their mutual benefit.

One of the most important subjects to be considered at the Conference is that of establishing an international court of claims, for the adjudication of the claims of citizens of one American country against the government of another. It is the hope and expectation of those who have the interests of the gathering at heart that a protocol may be adopted and unanimously signed by the delegates to the Conference, which will receive the approval of the several Congresses of the signatory nations. That the establishment of such a court would be of great benefit to each and every country directly interested is a self-evident proposition. So far as has appeared there is no opposition to the establishment of the proposed court of arbitration. It is pointed out that, if it proves to be a success, after having been inaugurated, it may pave the way for the eventual arbitration of all international disputes. This would indeed be a boon to the republics of Central and South America, which have suffered so severely in the past from disputes which could not doubt have been amicably settled if there had been a tribunal of competent jurisdiction to which appeals could have been made.

To Hon. John Barrett, a delegate to the Conference, was assigned the task of preparing the subject of an international court of arbitration for discussion at the Conference. The assignment of this theme to Mr. Barrett was a guarantee that it would be intelligently and ably handled. The dispatches have thus far failed to report, definitely, what progress has been made in this matter. But there are the best of reasons to hope and to believe that some practical plan of international arbitration will be evolved before the sessions of the Pan-American Congress are brought to a close.

THE EIGHT TO PICKET.

A Chicago dispatch tells of a scheme inaugurated by "organized labor" to "fight the injunctions of judges and courts against strikers." This scheme, according to the dispatch, "has been realized by the founding of the Chicago Anti-Injunction League, at a special meeting of the officials of the Chicago Federation of Labor."

One of the notable features of the movement is a provision for starting a vast sinking fund toward the legal battle in court against the imprisonment of any strikers or pickets under the injunction process. It is further stated that "legal fights by the best legal talents obtainable will be made for the liberty of each striker or picket as often as any are cited before a judge for alleged violation or contempt" of an injunctive order. Frequent use of the writ of habeas corpus is threatened," says the dispatch, in conclusion; "and in case the alleged arbitrariness of the judges is not voluntarily restricted or compelled by agitation, the Anti-Injunction League will not hesitate to ask for the impeachment of members of the judiciary on charges of oppression of the citizen and malfeasance in office."

The members of the Anti-Injunction League would better devote their "vast sinking fund" to purposes of charity than to use it for the purpose indicated. There is little probability that they will succeed in changing, to any material extent, the practice of courts in the matter of injunctions and citations for contempt. This practice is founded upon centuries of precedent, and, in the main, upon abstract principles of right and justice and prudence which are obvious to every well-balanced mind.

The courts in various parts of the country have laid down with a considerable degree of clearness the rights of "pickets," and the limitations thus defined are so obviously in accord with the fundamental principles of right and justice that they must stand in spite of all attempts to overthrow them. With perhaps one or two exceptions, judicial decisions on the subject of picketing have recognized the right of "pickets" to employ peaceful persuasion to induce non-union men not to take the places of strikers, but have denied their right to use force or intimidation to prevent men from working who desire to work. This is the substance of nine-tenths of the judicial rulings on this subject. Could any just judge go further? Can the "right" to use violence and intimidation be conceded? The question furnishes its own answer.

Injunctions granted by the courts in labor disputes have almost invariably been granted for the purpose of preventing strikers from resorting to acts of violence and intimidation in order to prevent other men from accepting the employment which they have refused. Injunctions in such cases work no hardship to law-abiding men. They merely act in restraint of law-breaking and law-breakers. Since Debs made his hue and cry against "government by injunction," many other demagogues and inciters of disorder have parroted the phrase. But the practice of the courts in this regard is the same today, to all intents and purposes, as it has been since the foundation of the government. If injunctions against law-breakers have been more frequently employed of late years than formerly, it is because law-breaking has been more frequent than formerly. It is work that will bear fruit in the future rather than in the present. By bringing about a better understanding between the several states of the Western Hemisphere, these states should be drawn into closer relations of friendship and good will, leading to the promotion of general harmony and cooperation for their mutual benefit.

The Anti-Injunction League of Chicago may raise "a vast sinking fund" and may expand the same in litigation to the limit. This is a free country, and they have a right to expend their money in that way if they see fit. But the probabilities are that when all is said and done they will find themselves in about the same position as at the beginning. The jurisprudence of this nation is not a mere thing of accident. It is the outgrowth of the accumulated wisdom and conservatism of the best minds of the nation. It is not to be turned aside in its course by the threats of demagogues, by the assaults of men controlled by passion and prejudice, nor by cunningly devised tricks of bad attorneys.

Maclyn Arbuckle plays Crane's old part of Nicholas Van Alstyne and gives the rôle a decided touch of the Wall Street金融家. The humor of the play is made the most of, but there is also the tenderness and the bitterness which come into the life of Old Nick, and these Arbuckle presents with equal power.

ELECTIONS.

(CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.)

LOS ANGELES THEATER. Stuart Robson opened a two-nights' engagement last night at the Los Angeles Theater in "The Henrietta." In this comedy Robson is seen in his famous character of Bertie, the Lamb. The creation is a delightful one—an exact copy of the legitimate comedy. Every thing is perfect from the expression to the lips and little break in the voice. Poor Bertie! He is a fool, truly; but he is a gentleman, every inch of him. The greatest sign of art is (to speak in paradox) when there is no sign of art. Few comedians fail to exaggerate somewhere. Robson never exaggerates. He is a true artist.

PENNSYLVANIA.

ENTIRE TICKET REPUBLICAN.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Return up to 2 o'clock a.m. indicate the election of the entire Republican State ticket, Frank G. Harris for State Treasurer and William P. Potter for Supreme Court Judge by from \$0,000 to 70,000 dollars. The vote in favor of the proposed constitutional amendments in the interest of ballot reform is overwhelming. The proposed amendment provides for personal registration and voting machines.

PHILADELPHIA CAMPAIGN.

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NICHOLAS, Junior, the false son and husband, is played by Russ Whaley, a young player from another town, the very best of the cast. The humor of the play is made the most of, but there is also the tenderness and the bitterness which come into the life of Old Nick, and these Arbuckle presents with equal power.

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Because he sold liquor on Sunday in violation of the law, the Police Commission yesterday revoked the license of Andrew Fuhrberg.

Sidney J. Parsons yesterday made application for a street-railway franchise to run through the Sixth Ward.

A Mexican couple was discovered yesterday with a marriage license issued two years ago that has not yet been used.

The Supervisors are still wrestling with the request for a site in the Court-house grounds for the White memorial.

The Manzana Irrigation District must pay \$72 tax on each \$100 valuation.

The county stock inspector rendered his monthly report yesterday.

The electric franchise to Alhambra was given to the Los Angeles and Pasadena Railway Company for \$100.

Walndorff got another dose of defeat in the Superior Court yesterday.

The will of the late Frank A. Gibson was filed for probate yesterday.

AT THE CITY HALL.

SUNDAY "WET GOODS" SALES DISAPPROVED.

POLICE COMMISSION JOLTS ONE TRICKY SALONIST.

Fuhrberg's License on East Third Street Revoked—Chief of Police Invades the Stronghold and Found Thirty Citizens Drinking There.

When Andrew Fuhrberg kept open house last Sunday at his saloon No. 60; East Third street, he made a great mistake. Yesterday the Police Commission promptly revoked his license, which was held in the name of Henry Tostman.

Last Sunday was not the first time that Andrew made a mistake of similar character. In fact, mistakes seem to be somewhat in Fuhrberg's line. Some months ago, he overlooked the law while running the Old Turner Hall saloon on South Main street and lost his license as a consequence.

Fuhrberg was then heavily in debt and the loss of the license did not cause copious tears to flow. But this time, it is said, the consequences are far more grievous.

A little while ago, that turned out to be everything but a mistake, was enacted last Sunday when the Chief of Police and captain of a dozen detectives walked into the saloon about the noon hour. Although Andrew was distributing openhanded hospitality to sixteen thirty citizens, he did not fail with joy at the advent of the minions of the law.

Chief Elton watched a man drink a glass of whisky, but Fuhrberg never offered to "set 'em up" to the wayfaring policemen. Andrew showed plainly that the big Chief was the last man he cared to see just then.

In every other order, the sixteen tried and true citizens came to the same conclusion, and in haste and trepidation took to the dry path with such show of dignity as their desire to move from an otherwise loco-saloon permit. Not so Fuhrberg and his bartender, Frank Barnum.

The big Chief was so delighted to see them go that he was compelled to wait for even a moment. Nothing would do but they must call on him at his stone mansion on West First street and leave their autographs in his fine lamp.

Of course Andrew protested, but the Chief assured him that the sudden falling off in his business would enable him to get along a little more slowly. But Andrew positively refused to stay to dinner. He left his check in lieu of a card, and departed after receiving a pressing invitation to call on him again.

Yesterday the Chief told the Police Commission all about it. Then, the board declared in favor of the "dry path," and the saloon was forced to close. The act caused Andrew to wash things down a bit too much and took him off the license wagon for a while.

Fuhrberg had an idea that the law was not the only thing that interfered with his commission," said Keene. "It will be a good thing to change his mind and give an object lesson to a few other saloon-keepers."

By unanimous vote the license was revoked on motion of Thorpe.

Fuhrberg operated his saloon under a straight liquor license, and without any opposition.

Richard Matthiessen, who runs the hotel at No. 251 East First street, and John Ingeland, at First and Vignes streets, have received straight licenses, and the counts will be called for them.

How a Fellow-countryman is Alleged to Have Imposed on Woldé-Bride and Groom for the Sake of Eight Dollars—Flight Just Discovered.

Mean and miserable are many men, but the worst of them all came to light yesterday.

Back in August, 1899, Abundio Lopez, aged 29, and Rosa Suares, aged 32, both children of Old Mexico, applied to "Cupid" Kuts for a marriage license. They were ignorant working people. So no amount of legal procedure that there was could prevent to Marcelino Lopez, a fellow-countryman, from getting them to the office of the County Clerk for the license. They paid their \$2 fee and the trio departed, happy in the anticipation of variegated bliss.

Yesterday Abundio Lopez appeared before "Cupid" Kuts to disclose a horrid lie. He was sure he had been hoodwinked by Marcelino, although he had been disengaged. It was then he had stepped out into the corridor of the Courthouse on that eventful day two years ago last August. Marcelino had Abundio to give him \$8 and the license and he (Marcelino) would have a judge sign the sacred instrument, after which he would return to them and the happy couple would be married.

They believed the artful Marcelino, and yesterday Abundio informed "Cupid" that the license had never been used, although he and his woman had been together since this time, imagining they were married.

Ignorance was bliss, until some knowing one put them wise and now they are after Marcelino to get back what was due them. The widow and Abundio swear that he is going to make it unpleasant for him.

Mrs. Lopez—an supposed—was accompanied her husband-as-supposed—when she went to the County Clerk. She thought a good joke had been played on them and enjoyed a hearty laugh over it.

The marriage license is good until used, and "Cupid" told them to take their license to a police judge and get married without delay. There are poor and a police judge can charge no fee.

"Cupid" is good forever, once issued one that was not used until eleven years afterward."

HARD-UP DISTRICT.

HEAVY LEVY TO BE MADE.

The Supervisors have authorized the County Auditor to levy a tax for the payment of interest on the bonds of

stated, however, that it is not in the interest of either of the companies now in the field. He admitted, further, that he is acting for eastern parties who are in Pennsylvania but added that they do not half from the City of Pittsburgh.

Love. Consequently it may be surmised that a capitalist of Pittsburgh is behind the attorney.

None of the officials knew anything about the application. Because the route parallels the lines of the Los Angeles Railway Company in the Sixth Ward, it is not believed that the attorney is connected with the company.

The Friction Company has several times sought to secure a franchise in the Sixth Ward, and if this concession is advertised that company will bid for it.

It is peculiar that this application, as well as the belt-line franchise which was sold by the City Council for \$20,000, stands in the inspection of Hill and Hill streets. That seems to be a favorite point for beginning all street-railway routes in the application.

The Los Angeles Railway Company, which secured the belt-line franchise, will in all probability not use that part of the franchise route extending from First to Third street, on Hill street, unless the Friction Company offers to do so.

But the company may ask for a franchise that will enable it to run the First-street cars straight up the hill, instead of around by Second.

As far as the application of Parsons is concerned, it would be useful to either of the present companies, and consequently there is some talk that the Pennsylvania millionaire may be a worth, and the franchise to be purchased for purposes of speculation.

Citizens of the Sixth Ward have often demanded that the City Council grant a franchise for a competing line through the Sixth Ward be advertised. They declare that the service given them is very poor, and that the only way to remedy this is to have the Tram Company to build a track into that section. Several times before the Broughton law was passed delegations appeared before the Board of Public Works and urged that a franchise be advertised.

Undoubtedly the Sixth-Ward residents will do everything possible to help the new project along, if it is determined that it will mean a competing railway line in the southeastern portion of the city.

TOO MUCH SMOKE.

NEIGHBORS ON WARPATH.

WALDRON DOWNDOWN AGAIN.

Defeat has again overtaken the Waldron forces in their repulsive war against municipal ownership of the waterworks.

In their suit begun against the City Council for a writ of review to nullify the proceedings taken to authorize a bond election in August and to enjoin the holding of an election, Judge B. T. Wilson, of the Superior Court, held yesterday, and sustained the City Charter and many other defendants in their interest not being tried in the case of Mary C. Gibson, widow of the late George Gephard, who owned large property rights at the corner of Hill and Fifth streets.

NEW DIVORCES.

Suits were begun yesterday by Charles W. Ingmire vs. Ethel A. Ingmire, Sarah W. Ingmire vs. George M. Wyman, and Donald Corneau vs. Anthony Corneau.

STILL PENDING.

Arguments are still being made in the Smith murder trial.

With that in view, the defense committee, which is represented by Prof. McCulloch, has presented to the court a petition for a new trial.

SPINKS PURGED.

Judge Smith reversed the Police Court yesterday in the action of Mr. W. E. Spinks, attorney on a charge of malicious mischief preferred by W. E. Hutchison, his successor.

Spinks was fined \$50. The Superior Court, which Spinks is maintaining, will not be tried again after his release.

THE ATTORNEYS.

The attorneys who represented the city yesterday were City Attorney Mathews and his deputy, Herbert J. Goudreau, and Mrs. D. L. Hansen, Esq., attorney for Waldron.

As soon as the health officer can get under the shadow of the milk truck, he will make an investigation of the complaints.

SWAN FOR HOLLOWBACK.

The superintendent of the park department yesterday transferred two of Senator A. L. Hodges' swans to the Los Angeles Park. There are five in all, but two began to fight, and the superintendent thought best to separate them. It is hoped that the city will have some "swanlings" to add to the ten that are now here.

He left his check in lieu of a card, and departed after receiving a pressing invitation.

It is said that Dr. Herron is in charge of the plant, and that he has a permit from the Fire Commission.

As soon as the health officer can get under the shadow of the milk truck, he will make an investigation of the complaints.

GIBSON WILL.

WIDOW GIVES THE ESTATE.

Property estimated to be worth \$15,000 comprises the estate of the late Frank A. Gibson, cashier of the First National Bank of this city, who died on October 12, after a brief illness.

His will was filed for probate yesterday. The petitioner is the widow, Mrs. Mary S. Gibson, who is named in the instrument as executrix and sole devisee of the estate.

The personal property averages \$14,000 in value, and includes 7200 shares of Central Oil Company stock, twenty shares of Title Insurance and Trust Company, two and one-half shares of State Mutual Building and Loan Association stock, besides sundry other corporation stocks, and a judgment against the City of Los Angeles for \$1,000.

The real property of the estate is valued at \$4000, and is situated on Court street, between Olive street and Grand avenue.

The will bears date of October 22, 1896, at which time the deceased was 47 years of age. Besides the widow, who is 46 years old, the only heir is a minor son, Harry S. Gibson, aged 18.

The attorney for the estate is Messrs. Graves, O'Melveny & Shrank.

CONTROL OLIVE INDUSTRY.

Southern California Growers Further an Organization With That End in View—Directors Named.

The olive growers of Southern California and its secretary are endeavoring to have a state organization of olive-growing interests.

The following five directors of the organization, which is to be officially known as the Southern California Olive Growers' Association, were elected yesterday: George Arnold, president of the Los Angeles Olive Growers' Association; A. R. Sprague, president of the Southern California Olive Growers' Association; W. E. Hughes, Mr. L. B. Vance and Mr. Washburn. Four more directors will be appointed from the outside districts.

The purpose of the Southern California Olive Association is to gather in all the olive associations of the State under the one head, and Mr. Sprague, who has recently returned from the northern sections, says that the growers up there will undoubtedly form a unit.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

Last week's rain was followed generally by fair, warm weather though in some sections there was considerable fog or frost and cool nights, according to the Weekly Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau for Southern California.

The machinery will be stalled in San Fernando to handle the olive crop of that section.

The crop throughout the state, however, is not large enough to warrant the use of the olive press.

There is some complaint of oranges splitting since the rain, but not more than previously.

Rain will put the ground in good condition for the grower, and the cold weather has started, but as yet not very actively, as they will be later in the season when more rain falls.

The rain equals an inch and a half in the northern sections to half an inch in the southern. Some damage resulted to sugar beets as shown by the diminished percentage of saccharine matter, weight and purity.

PARIS AWARDS.

According to a letter received by Frank Wiggins, secretary of the Los Angeles county exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition, from B. D. McCallum, ex-assistant commissioner-general to the Paris Exposition of 1900, the latter was appointed by the President to complete the unfinished work of giving awards to the various countries, and all the official awards made at Paris will be distributed through him.

WILL LOOK FOR LEONIDS.

Scientists Again Expecting the Meteoric Shower Which Has Disappointed Them for the Last Two Years.

Local astronomers are looking forward with interest to the nights of November 14 and 15, when it is expected the earth will pass through the Leonids, that cluster of meteors which revolve around the sun in the orbit of the comet.

They expect that the shower will be

as bright as the one in 1866.

They believed the artful Marcelino,

and yesterday Abundio informed

"Cupid" that the license had never

been used, although he and his woman had been together since this time, imagining they were married.

Marcelino was not married,

but he had been married to

the widow and the widow to

Marcelino.

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1901.

LATE PREFERABLE
TO SIBERIAN EXILE.
SIBERIAN ARRESTED IN PASADENA
WOULD END HIS LIFE.

Prisoner Grin Attempts to Shoot himself, and Offers Federal Officer Four Thousand Dollars to Let Him Commit Suicide.

Fear of spending the balance of his life as a state amid the horrors of the Siberian prison caused R. I. Grin to shoot himself dead, and had it not been for the influence on the part of officers, the would-be suicide would have committed suicide once. Once he was on the point of shooting himself, he saw a revolver was placed with him, and when he tried to pull the trigger, he found that man who had him in custody for the attempt at killing himself.

Grin, charged by the Russian government with embezzlement, was arrested in Pasadena October 25. It developed yesterday that he came near ending his life the night he was arrested, in a lodger's house.

Deputy McCulloch found Grin in his room. The Russian, who is only 20 years old, was not anxious to give a note. McCulloch asked him the question, and then said while the arrival had commenced a search for

Grin, when apparently ready to leave the room, Grin took two bars from his coat and said he would leave them behind if he could get out the light in the room, and opened a dresser drawer. Into this he threw the books, but McCulloch found him take the revolver and asked for time to write a note. McCulloch demanded that it was a weapon, he was the prisoner and took from under his coat a large revolver instead of a case.

"This is not for you," protested Grin. "It is for me now." replied McCulloch, putting the revolver in his pocket.

He had previously taken two bars from the dresser, and Grin had said he had the only weapons he possessed.

McCulloch believed Grin would never have his brains out if he had not been taken from him.

"I am not for you," repeated Grin. "It is for me now."

McCulloch put the revolver in his pocket.

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THE ORANGE MARKET.

Special and Authentic Quotations by Telegraph.

CHEMICALS
NEW YORK AVERAGE PRICES.
NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—(Exclusive
to *Spanish*) All fancy Valencias are
now being sold at high prices. Reg-
ular, \$1,650. Eight cars of lemons,
2,750@450. Market dull and fruit mov-
ing slowly.

2.50; fancy, 2.60@3.15; choice, 2.30@3.15.
Good demand for really fancy, well-
colored fruit in good condition. Small
fruits and shiny new crop on route,
for thousand inferior fruit, ex-store,
sold this week at low prices. Five
thousand barrels of Jamaica oranges,
2.75@4.50. Market dull and fruit mov-
ing slowly.

are the same. Cranberries may go
higher.
Choice hay and barley are firm.
Fresh fish are good demand.
Fresh fish are pretty plentiful, ex-
cepting halibut.
Provisions are easy.
Honey is quiet.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice
fancy, 1.25@1.50; dried, 1.25@1.50;
peaches, 1.25@1.50; pear, good, evapo-
rated, 1.25@1.50; raisins, 1.25@1.50;
grapes, white, per lb., 1.25@1.50; California, black, per
lb., 1.25@1.50; fancy layers, per lb., 1.25@1.50;
RAISINS—Fancy clusters, per box, 1.25@1.50; loose, 1.25@1.50;

NUTS—Almonds, paper-shell, 14; softshell,
12; hardshell, 11; Brazil, 14@16; Siberian, 14@16;
Walnuts, 14@16; Brazil, 14@16; California, 14@16;
Pecans, choice raw, 25; California, fancy raw,
14@16; dried, 14@16; dried first grade,
14@16; phones, New Mexico, 7.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per lb., new, choice to fancy,
1.25@1.50; old, 1.25@1.50; onions, 1.25@1.50;

ONIONS—New, per lb., 1.25@1.50;

CAULIFLOWERS—Per lb., 1.25@1.50;

CARROTS—Per lb., 1.25@1.50; parsnips, 1.25@1.50;

PEAS—Lima, 1.25@1.50; green, 1.25@1.50;

BEANS—Pinto, 1.25@1.50; Lima, 1.25@1.50;

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery,
per square, 60; southern creamery, 57@60;

EGGS—Cigars, 1.25@1.50; fresh, 1.25@1.50;

CHEESE—Lima, 1.25@1.50; New York, 1.25@1.50;

EDAM, fancy, per doz., 5.50; Martin's New
England, 5.50; Martin's New England, full
cream, per lb., 1.25@1.50; Maas, 1.25@1.50;

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.00@2.50;

MELONS—Californian, 2.00@2.50;

COCONUTS—Per doz., 1.25@1.50;

GUAVA—Per box, 1.25@1.50;

GARLIC—Per box, common, 75@80;

PEACHES—Per lb., 1.25@1.50;

GRAPES—Per box, common, 1.00@1.50;

BANANAS—Per bunch, 1.25@1.50;

CRANBERRIES—Per box, 1.25@1.50;

HAY AND GRAIN.

HARVEST—Mill price, 1.00@1.25;

COFFEE—Jobbing price, 1.40@1.50;

MAY—New barley, 1.00@1.25; alfalfa, 1.00@1.25;

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.10@1.15;

LIVE STOCK.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@6.00;

CATTLE—Per cwt., 1.25@1.50; for prime steers,
1.50@1.75; for fat cattle, 1.25@1.50;

SHEEF—Per head, weaner, 4.00@5.00;

LAMB—Per cwt., 2.00@2.50;

FRESH MEATS.

BEEF—Per lb., 1.25@1.50;

MUTTON—Per lb., 75c; lamb, 1.25@1.50;

PORK—Per lb., 1.25@1.50;

FLOUR AND FEEDSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Per cwt., 1.25@1.50; cake, process,

1.25@1.50; northern, 1.25; eastern, 1.25@1.50;

COAL—Per ton, 1.25@1.50;

IRON—New barley, 1.00@1.25;

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.10@1.15;

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@6.00;

CATTLE—Per cwt., 1.25@1.50; for prime steers,
1.50@1.75; for fat cattle, 1.25@1.50;

SHEEF—Per head, weaner, 4.00@5.00;

LAMB—Per cwt., 2.00@2.50;

KANSAS CITY LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

KANSAS CITY—Per cwt., 1.25@1.50;

TEXAS—Per cwt., steady, Texas steers, 1.00@1.25;

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

LOS ANGELES—Stuart Robson in the *Hans*.
MICHIGAN—Van Vlossen.
SARASATE—Vanderbilt.
CHUTES—Mikado.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

There Was No Hope.

Frank Brodbeck, consummate who came from Colorado a few days ago, in the forlorn hope of regaining his health, was found dead in bed yesterday afternoon by his landlady. He was about 45 years of age.

Bankrupt Barber.

William S. Kramer of No. 313 Winston street, barber by occupation, yesterday filed a petition for bankruptcy in the United States Court. His liabilities are given as \$45,144 and his assets \$100. The Equitable Loan and Savings Association of Dayton, O., is his principal creditor.

Barbers' Union Loses Point.

The point in the fight was lost to the barbers' union. Charles H. Bond, arrested at the instance of the union and charged with practicing his trade without a certificate from the Barber Commission, was before Justice of the Peace Johnson, and was discharged from custody.

Feast of the Mission.

The entertainment at the fair of the Church of Our Lady of the Angels at Turnverein Hall last evening was in charge of the young men and women of the church. The program included musical selections by Miss Blanche Fisher, Miss Mary Rohr, Miss Rose Fisher and Miss Elsie Doyle.

Rathbone Sisters' Chief.

Mrs. Lillie Samuels, Grand Chief of the Rathbone Sisters, will be in Southern California during the latter part of the week. Tomorrow evening she is to visit Moneta Temple. On Friday evening she will be the guest of Long Beach Temple and on Saturday evening will be received by Party Temple.

District Missionary Meeting.

The annual all-day meeting of the District Missionary Society of the Congregational Churches, will be held in the parlors of the East Los Angeles Congregational Church, tomorrow. The church of Los Angeles presented an interesting programme has been prepared, and a basket luncheon will be served.

Crime for Her Children.

Because she was an deaf, her two little children and deaf daughter, sister, selling liquor at home at the Wedge, Alameda and Ducommun streets, Mrs. Alice Boyce got a light sentence in the Police Court yesterday. Justice Austin gave her a lecture and fined her \$50 warning her that the fine would be heavier in the case of another offense.

Industrial-school Meeting.

Tonight at Zion A. M. E. Church, Fourth street and Ruth avenue, the second meeting of the colored people of the city, will be held to discuss the projected industrial school and home for the youth of that race. Sentiment has developed among supporters in favor of having the institution located in the country, away from undesirable city influences.

Defaulted on Interest.

A motion for a decree on the pleadings was made by the plaintiff yesterday in the case of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York against the San Joaquin Electric Company of Fresno. The company had to pay interest given by the electric company to secure an issue of bonds amounting to \$300,000. The company defaulted in paying its interest.

Patrick Martin Dead.

J. E. Martin of No. 216 South Grand avenue, went to San Francisco to attend the funeral of his son, Patrick Martin, one of the pioneer miners of the Pacific Coast. Patrick Martin located in San Francisco was early in life a member of the Knights of Pythias, who died some years ago, and who was also a pioneer of California of much note in mining circles.

Pythians' Open Evening.

Marathon Lodge, No. 182, Knights of Pythias, entertained a large number of people at an open meeting at Pythian Hall last evening. Captain Commander Myers made a speech after which a series of moving pictures was thrown on the screen. The series included representations from the recent Pythian convention, the presentation of the Uniform Rank of the order at Coronado. Dancing concluded the evening's enjoyment.

Charged With Forgery.

Dr. J. Leon Edwards was arrested yesterday, charged with having forged the name of J. L. Edwards, late surgeon in the United States Marine Hospital Service, the signature of Sarah A. Joseph, Dr. S. C. Balch, the Pension Examiner, was the complaining witness and the warrant was issued by Commissioner of War Dyke. Deputy Marshal McCulloch turned the prisoners over to the Sheriff, to ruminiate until Friday at 2:30, when he will have a hearing.

Illinois Society.

The Illinois Society will hold its first annual meeting on Tuesday evening, the 29th inst., at Sherman Auditorium. This was decided at a meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday afternoon at Sherman Auditorium in the Bryan Block. The society's headquarters. The first entertainment will comprise a programme of vocal and instrumental music, and an informal reception. More than one hundred Illinoisans have registered at Mr. Carlisle's office in the last four days.

Social "Crusaders" Meet.

About fifty members and friends of the Economic Club celebrated the second anniversary of that organization last evening in the banquet-room of Peter's restaurant on Spring street. The menu of the evening was: Carl D. Thompson, Benjamin F. Wilson, J. Stitt Wilson and Robert M. Webster, referred to in the announcement as leaders in the social culture. Following the dinner, a debate spoke on the topic, "Our Message." Clarence H. Lee, president of the Economic Club, was toastmaster. Reception to Dr. Walcott.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock a reception will be given by the Chamber of Commerce in honor of Hon. Charles E. Walcott, director of the United States Geological Survey. Mr. Walcott is here in the interest of irrigation and forestry, two things of vital interest in the Southwest, and it is in the hope that the citizens of the city will make a point of attending, to demonstrate to the visitor and his fellow officers the appreciation of the work they have in hand. Dr. Walcott is in charge of the geological survey in the Southwest.

Deaconess Hospital Wanted.

Mrs. P. H. Bodkin, who has gone as a delegate from Southern California to the national annual meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Woman's Home Missionary Society, in session in New York City, will bring before the important planks for the enlargement of the work in Los Angeles, and endeavor to secure an appropriation for it. Among the new features proposed is a deaconess hospital, and the enlargement of the already established

Spanish industrial training school. A large donation has been made to the work by private individuals. This is contingent upon the agreement of the national convention to aid the extension.

Child Study Federation.

The Federation of Child Study Circles will hold its annual session in Spanish Industrial Training School this morning and concluding tonight. The programme has been published. This evening Miss Edna Darch, a girl of 18, who possesses rare musical ability, will be a favorite of her own composition, and will sing Purcell's "Nymphs and Shepherds."

BREVITIES.

A new sign on the door to room 441, Douglas Building, reads E. A. Foster & Son Real Estate and Loans. Mrs. Foster is the daughter of Mrs. Foster, closely identified with the development of the city and is a firm believer in a Greater Los Angeles. The firm of Foster & Son will be an important factor in the real estate field.

Send donations of cast-off clothing, furniture or food supplies to the Good Samaritan Department of the Bethesda Christian Church, Vineyard and Ducommun street, telephone John 24, and wagon will call. Office hours during summer months 11 to 12 daily.

Hotel changes hands.

The California Hotel, corner Second and Main streets, has been sold for a term of years by F. J. Nicholson and Mrs. Frank Kilbourne. The hotel is in first-class condition, being newly furnished throughout, and will be conducted in the classic, family and tourist hotel on the American plan.

Woodham Furniture Company has removed to 319 South Main street. Gains in furniture, household goods; go direct.

The Men's Club of Christ Church will meet the second Wednesday in November; not tonight.

Fine Royal Seipas, 16x20, only \$1.95. Cowley's Palace Studio, 355 S. B'way.

The Alpine-street school Child Study Club has elected Mrs. M. Davidis president, Mrs. J. E. Falconer, secretary, and Mrs. Harrison treasurer.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Mico Mantashian, Arthur E. Pease, George Workman, Mrs. Berta Christo, Chris Olsen, Mrs. J. H. Edwards, Fred W. Lohr, G. L. Johnson and G. Crowley (Vernon.)

FREIGHT CARS DERAILED.

Southern Pacific Wrecking Train Sent Out Last Night Because of Accident at El Casco.

A freight wreck occurred last night on the Southern Pacific Railroad at El Casco, a small station in Riverside county, seventy-two miles from Los Angeles, which so completely blocked the track that it was necessary to send the wrecking train from this city.

A west-bound freight train had taken the siding at El Casco to permit a passenger train to pass, and when it was moving back on the main track the trucks of one of the cars broke in such a manner that the car ran into another car, left the track. The cars were heavily loaded and two of them ran off the rails and turned at right angles with the main line, in such a position that the train could not be cleared to clear the wreck.

The accident happened at such a time that passenger traffic was not delayed, all of the trains for the day already passing on the main line.

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